

HOME THE EXPEDITIONS ♥ SEMINARS ♥ CONSULTATIONS ♥ ABOUT US ♥ **RESOURCES** SEARCH

Nautical Terminology

Abaft - behind the middle of the boat.

Active sheet - headsail sheet that is taking the strain.

Aft - at or towards the back of the boat.

Abeam - off the side(at right angle) to the boat.

Batten - a thin slat that slides into a pocket on the mainsail, helping it to hold shape.

Bear away - to turn away from the wind.

Beating - a course sailed upwind.

Bight - a loop of line.

Bitter end - the end of the line.

Block - a pulley on a boat.

By the lee - sailing downwind with the wind the same side as the boom.

Cleat off - secure a line to a cleat in correct manner.

Close reach - sailing with wind forward of beam. 70 degrees from bow.

Course - direction the boat is steered according to the

Current - horizontal movement caused by wind and/or tide.

Dead downwind - sailing with the wind right behind.

Depower - remove power from sails by luffing or making them **Tacking** - command given while tacking.

flatter. Done to reduce heeling.

Draft - depth keel from water surface.

Ease - to let out a line in a controlled manner.

Ebb - out going current.

Fall off - to turn away from the wind.

Fend off - push off.

Flake - to lay out a line using large loops to keep it form getting tangled.

Flood - incoming current.

Kicker - block and tackle system to hold boom down - vang.

Lazarette - aft deck locker.

Lazy sheet - the headsail sheet that is not under load -

windward side

Lee helm - boats tendency to turn away from wind.

Leech line - cord that prevents flutter on sail edge.

Leech - the after edge of a sail.

Leeward - the side or direction away from the wind.

Let go - totally release a line.

Luffing - the fluttering of a sail.

Make fast - cleat or tie off a line.

Mast pulpits - stainless steel guard rail at the mast.

Painter - line attached to the bow of the dinghy.

Pulpit - stainless steel guard rail at the bow Ready about -

command given prior to tacking.

Rode - line or chain attached from the boat to the anchor.

Secure a line - cleat or tie off a line.

Slot - gap between mainsail and headsail.

Snubber - line secured to chain to take shock.

Stand-on vessel - vessel with right of way.

Tail - the end section of a line.

To tail - to control a line from a winch or cleat.

Telltails - yarn on a sail to indicate sail trim.

Tender - dinghy.

Traveler - track and car that controls the sideways movement of the boom.

Upwind - towards the wind.

Vang - block and tackle system to hold boom down - kicker.

VMG - velocity made good.

Give-way vessel - vessel required to give way when on collision **Weather helm** - boats tendency to turn towards wind. Occurs course. when overpowered.

Gybe ho - command given before gibing.

Hard over - helm turned as far as possible in one direction.

Head up - to turn towards the wind.

Heading - the boats direction according to the compass.

Helms a lee - command given when helm is turned during a

tack.

Hockle - kink in a line.

Hoist - to pull a line to lift an object.

Windward - towards the wind.

Working sheet - headsail sheet being used to trim the sails.

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Mahina Expeditions P.O. BOX 1596

Tif & Gif Creative

Friday Harbor, WA. USA 98250

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Please direct any questions to sailing@mahina.com.

PHONE (360) 378-6131 FAX (360) 378-6331